

AFNI Start to Finish: How to Analyze Data with AFNI

- picture this experiment as your own
 - ❖ decisions on processing were made by you (and your colleagues), hopefully before acquiring any data
 - ❖ there is no single "correct" way to analyze data,
- focus on understanding the processing steps
 - ❖ in light of your having chosen which steps to perform
- practice the good habit of reviewing results
 - ❖ do the initial images look good?
 - ❖ review each processing step along with data
 - ❖ are the EPI and anat well aligned by the end?
 - ❖ do the statistical results look reasonable?
 - ◊
- how does one create a processing script (based on design decisions)?
 - ❖ use `afni_proc.py`, or write script by hand
 - ◊
- how does one get data to a standard space for group analysis?
 - ❖ tell `afni_proc.py` do to it
 - ❖ or apply anatomical transformation to results via `adwarp`

Review of stimulus conditions

- ◆ Speech Perception Task: Subjects were presented with audiovisual speech that was presented in a predominantly auditory or predominantly visual modality.
- ◆ A digital video system was used to capture auditory and visual speech from a female speaker.
- ◆ There were 2 types of stimulus conditions:



(1) Auditory-Reliable

Example: Subjects can clearly *hear* the word “cat,” but the video of a woman mouthing the word is degraded.

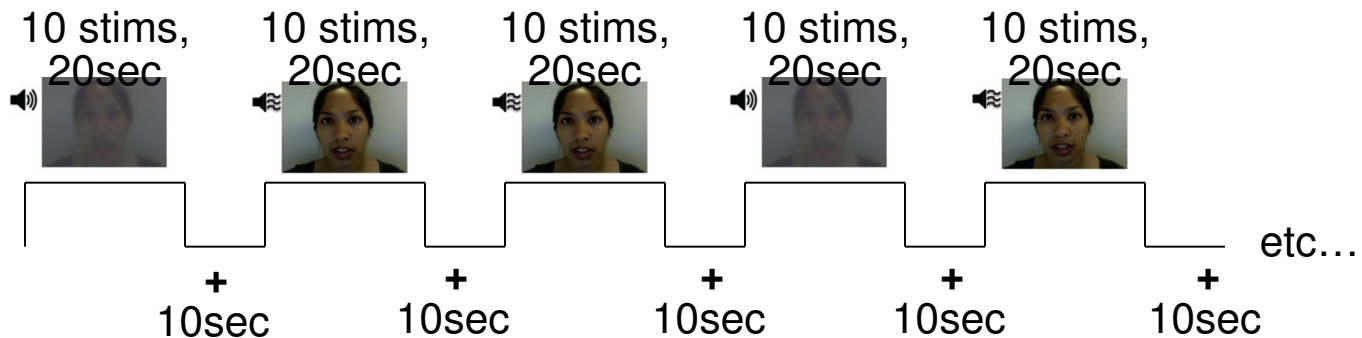


(2) Visual-Reliable

Example: Subjects can clearly *see* the video of a woman mouthing the word “cat,” but the audio of the word is degraded.

❖ Experiment Design:

- ◆ There were 3 runs in a scanning session.
- ◆ Each run consisted of 10 blocked trials:
 - 5 blocks contained Auditory-Reliable (*AreI*) stimuli, and
 - 5 blocks contained Visual-Reliable (*VreI*) stimuli.
- ◆ Each block contained 10 trials of *AreI* stimuli OR 10 trials of *VreI* stimuli.
 - Each block lasted for 20 seconds (1 second for stimulus presentation, followed by a 1-second inter-stimulus interval).
- ◆ Each baseline block consisted of a 10-second fixation point.



❖ Data Collected:

- ◆ 2 Anatomical datasets for each subject, collected at 3 tesla.
 - 175 sagittal slices
 - voxel dimensions = 0.938 x 0.938 x 1.0 mm
- ◆ 3 Time Series (EPI) datasets for each subject.
 - 33 axial slices x 152 volumes = 5016 slices per run
 - TR = 2 sec; voxel dimensions = 2.75 x 2.75 x 3.0 mm
- ◆ Sample size, $n = 10$ (all right-handed subjects)

afni_proc.py

- What is **afni_proc.py**?
 - ❖ a program used to generate processing scripts for single subject analysis
 - ❖ generated scripts are in **tcsh** syntax
 - ❖ scripts are written to be easily read and modified
 - ❖ why create a script?
 - it is a permanent record of the processing steps
 - it can be re-run or modified to run on more subjects
- What information is needed by **afni_proc.py**?
 - ❖ **minimum**: EPI data and stimulus timing files (in order to do regression)
 - ❖ basis functions for regression (GAM, BLOCK, etc.)
 - ❖ choose processing blocks: align EPI/anat? tlrc? despike? RETROICOR?
 - ❖ many options are available:
 - estimate smoothness, censor TRs with excessive motion, etc.
 - see "**afni_proc.py -help**" for details

• Pros

- ❖ quick way to create a processing script
- ❖ user does not need to be a master of shell scripting
- ❖ more trust that syntax does not have typos
- ❖ good for learning (fMRI processing, Unix/shell scripting, AFNI commands)
- ❖ can compare against manually generated scripts
 - for sanity checks and bug detection
- ❖ processing script generates many files to help review data/detect problems
 - outlier counts (**outcount*.1D**), motion estimates (**dfile*.1D**, **motion*.1D**), ideal regressors/sum of ideals (**ideal*.1D**, **sum_ideal.1D**), estimates of data smoothness (**blur_est*.1D**), script to quickly review original EPI data (**@epi_review.\$subj**)

• Cons

- ❖ some users may not bother to review script
- ❖ not every AFNI program has an **afni_proc.py** interface
 - have 'empty' processing block for such commands
- ❖ not yet done:
 - -stim_times_IM/AM/AM2: requires (easy) script changes
 - varying basis functions: requires (easy) script changes
 - GUI (**on the way!**)

• afni_proc.py help sections

- ❖ there is a lot of help to be found in the "afni_proc.py -help" output
- ❖ list of main sections in the help:
 - program introduction : basic overview of the program
 - PROCESSING BLOCKS : list of possible processing blocks
 - DEFAULTS : basic defaults, per processing block
 - EXAMPLES : common examples of running this program
 - NOTE sections : details on various topics
 - TIMING FILE NOTE
 - MASKING NOTE
 - WARP TO TLRC NOTE
 - RETROICOR NOTE
 - RUNS OF DIFFERENT LENGTHS NOTE
 - SCRIPT EXECUTION NOTE
 - OPTIONS : descriptions of all program options
 - informational : options to get quick information and quit program
 - general execution : options not specific to a processing block
 - block options : specific to blocks, in default block order

• Overview of Remaining Steps

- ❖ data is under **AFNI_data6/FT_analysis**
- ❖ review directory contents and note subject data under directory **FT**
- ❖ review the **afni_proc.py** command
- ❖ execute the **afni_proc.py** command to create processing script
- ❖ execute the "proc" script to process the data
- ❖ review processed data
 - use "proc" script as a guide for what data to view
 - focus on run 1 here, to save time
 - use multiple **afni** controllers to view both input and output of each block
- ❖ get results to standard space
- ❖ run group analysis (**3dANOVA2** or **3dMEMA**)

- **Class Work:**

1. go to directory AFNI_data6/FT_analysis; see what is there

```
cd AFNI_data6/FT_analysis
```

```
ls -l FT
```

```
cat FT/AV1_vis.txt
```

2. review the afni_proc.py command

```
cat s01.ap.simple
```

3. execute s01.ap.simple (note the output script, **proc.FT**)

```
./s01.ap.simple      (or: tcsh s01.ap.simple)
```

```
ls -l
```

4. process the data (as suggested by **afni_proc.py**)

1. takes ~5 minutes (on my laptop)

```
tcsh -xef proc.FT |& tee output.proc.FT
```

5. while processing data, review "proc" script

```
gedit proc.FT
```

6. review processed data (input and output of each step)

```
cd FT.results
```

```
afni &
```

1. Note what is under **AFNI_data6/FT_analysis**.

FT

s01.ap.simple

s02.ap.align

s09.cleanup

s11.proc.FT

s12.proc.FT.align

- subject data directory
- class afni_proc.py script
- more advanced script
- remove analysis results
- result of **s01.ap.simple**
- result of **s01.ap.align**

under **FT**

AV1_vis.txt

AV2_aud.txt

FT_anat+orig.BRIK/HEAD

FT_epi_r1+orig.BRIK/HEAD

FT_epi_r2+orig.BRIK/HEAD

FT_epi_r3+orig.BRIK/HEAD

- visual reliable timing
- auditory reliable timing
- anatomical dataset
- EPI run 1
- EPI run 2
- EPI run 3

AV1_vis.txt:

60 90 120 180 240

120 150 180 210 270

0 60 120 150 240

2. Review the contents of the `s01.ap.simple` script.

```
afni_proc.py -subj_id FT \
             -dsets FT/FT_epi_r?+orig.HEAD \
             -copy_anat FT/FT_anat+orig \
             -tcat_remove_first_trs 2 \
             -regress_stim_times FT/AV*.txt \
             -regress_stim_labels Vrel Arel \
             -regress_basis 'BLOCK(20,1)' \
             -regress_est_blur_errts \
             -regress_opts_3dD \
             -gltsym 'SYM: Vrel -Arel'
```

Options:

- › **-subj_id**: subject ID, which will be used in dataset names
- › **-dsets**: the EPI datasets, one per run
- › **-copy_anat**: the anatomical dataset - will be copied to the results dir
- › **-tcat_remove_first_trs**: # TRs to remove from the beginning of each run (prior to magnetization steady state)
- › **-regress_stim_times**: the list of stimulus timing files
- › **-regress_basis**: basis function used by 3dDeconvolve in the regression
- › **-regress_est_blur_errts**: estimate data smoothness from residuals
- › **-regress_opts_3dD**: extra options given directly to 3dDeconvolve