

# Instant Analyses in **AFNI** and **SUMA**: Clusters and Correlations

Data for this presentation:  
**AFNI\_data5/** directory

All data herein  
from Alex Martin,  
*et al.* [NIMH IRP]





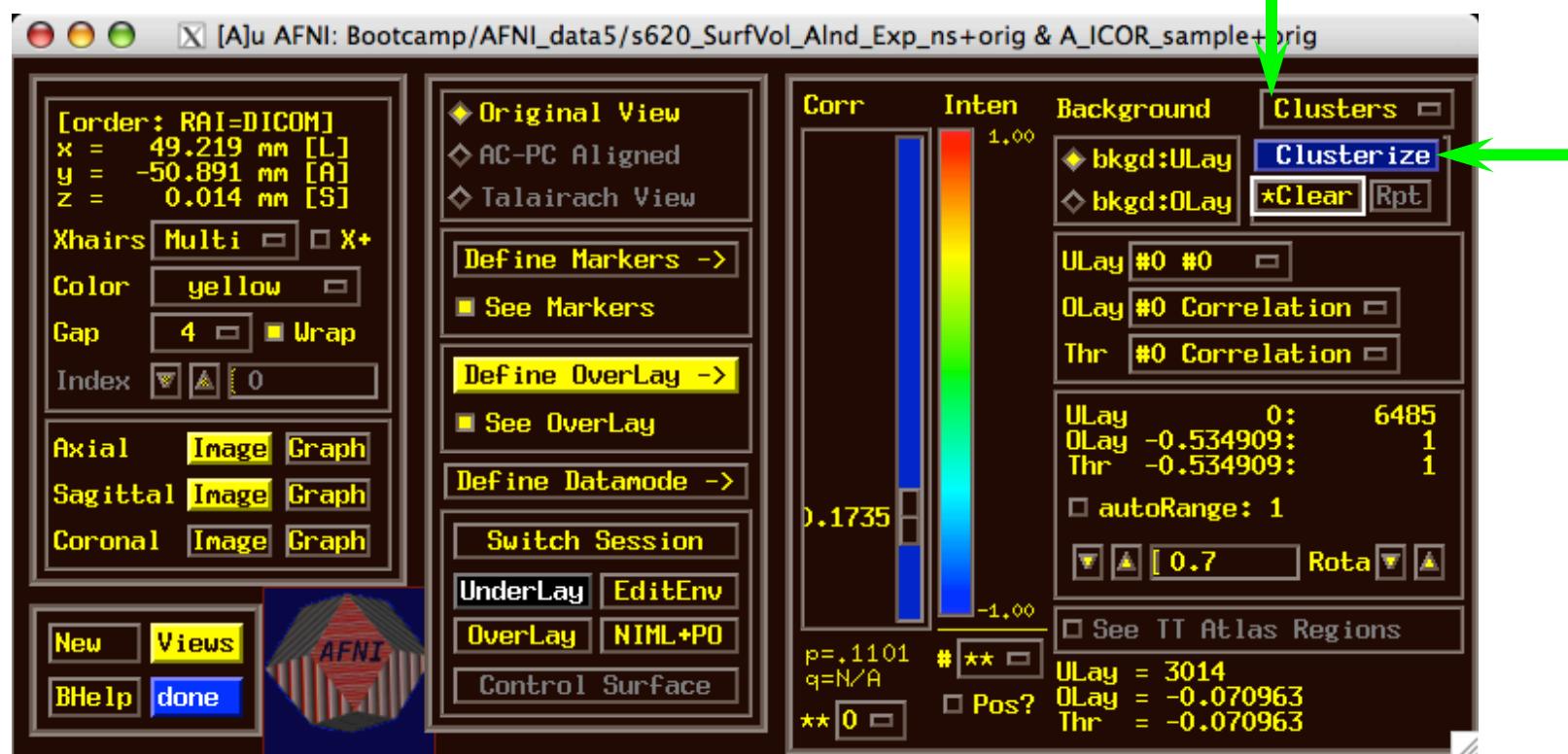
## “Insta” Functions

- 3 new capabilities added to the interactive AFNI
- Each one: compute new dataset volumes **instantly** to replace the Overlay volume for image viewing
- **Clusters** = interactive clustering
  - remove clusters below a user-chosen size
  - display a table of clusters
- **InstaCorr** = interactive exploration of inter-voxel time series correlation
  - choose a seed voxel and see correlation map
  - SUMA version also exists
- **InstaCalc** = interactive version of **3dcalc**
  - e.g., display ratio of 2 datasets



# Clusters: Setup

- Open **Define Overlay**, choose **Clusters** from menu in top right corner



- Then press **Clusterize** to get the clusters control menu

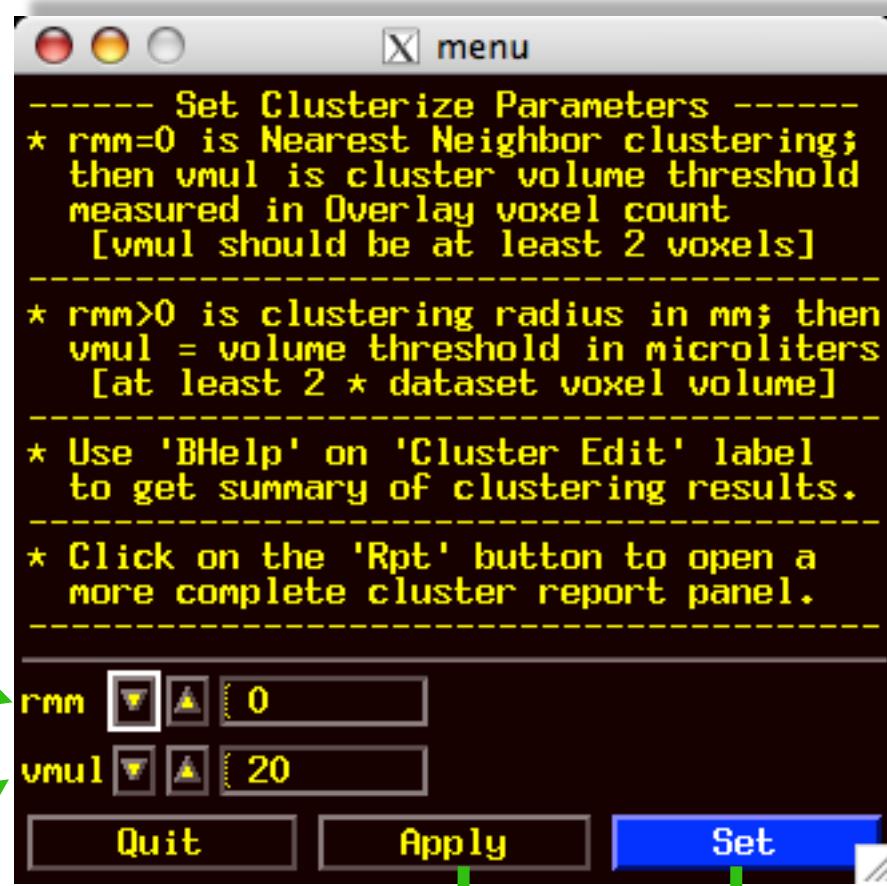
# Clusters Control Menu

Operates on user's chosen **Overlay** dataset at the user's threshold;  
 Next slide example:  
**AFNI\_ICOR\_sample**

Default: NN clustering

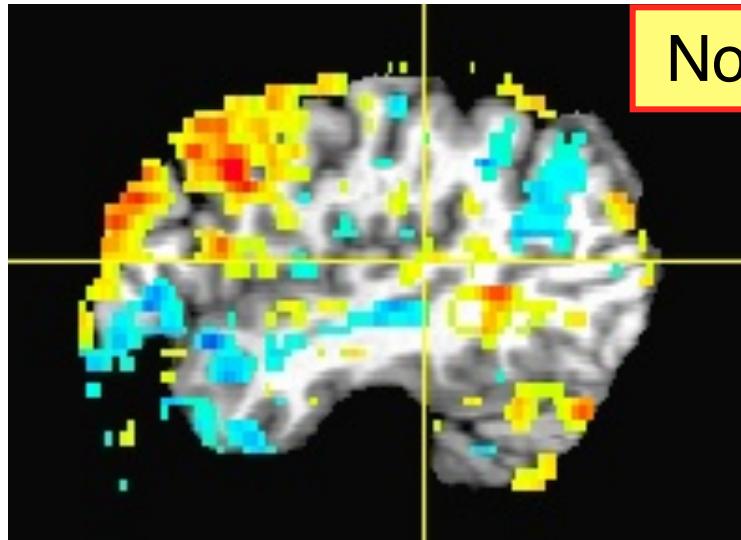
Default: 20 voxel minimum cluster size

Clustering is done in 3D

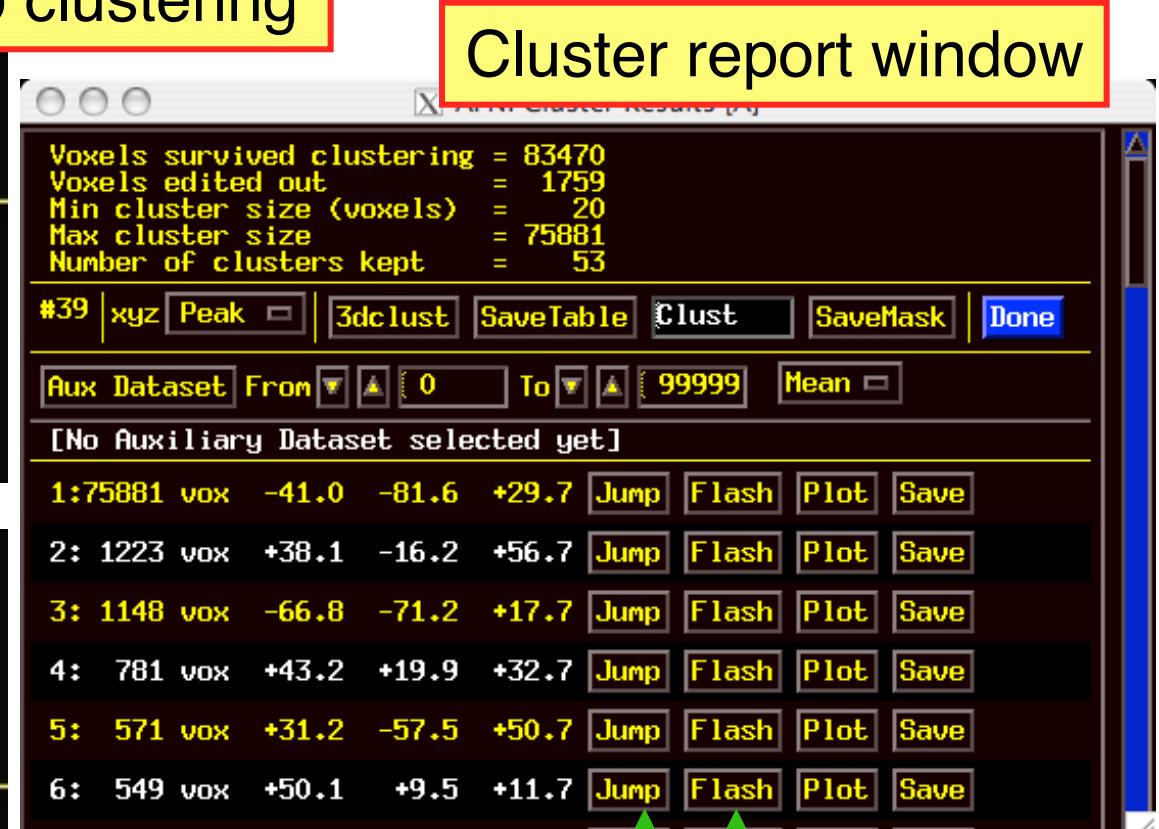


Press one of these buttons to create clusterized volume for display as new **Overlay**

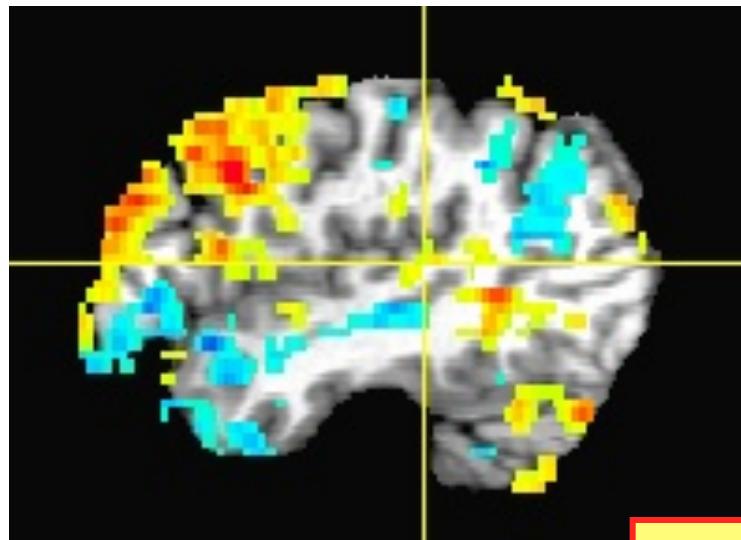
# Clusters Results



No clustering

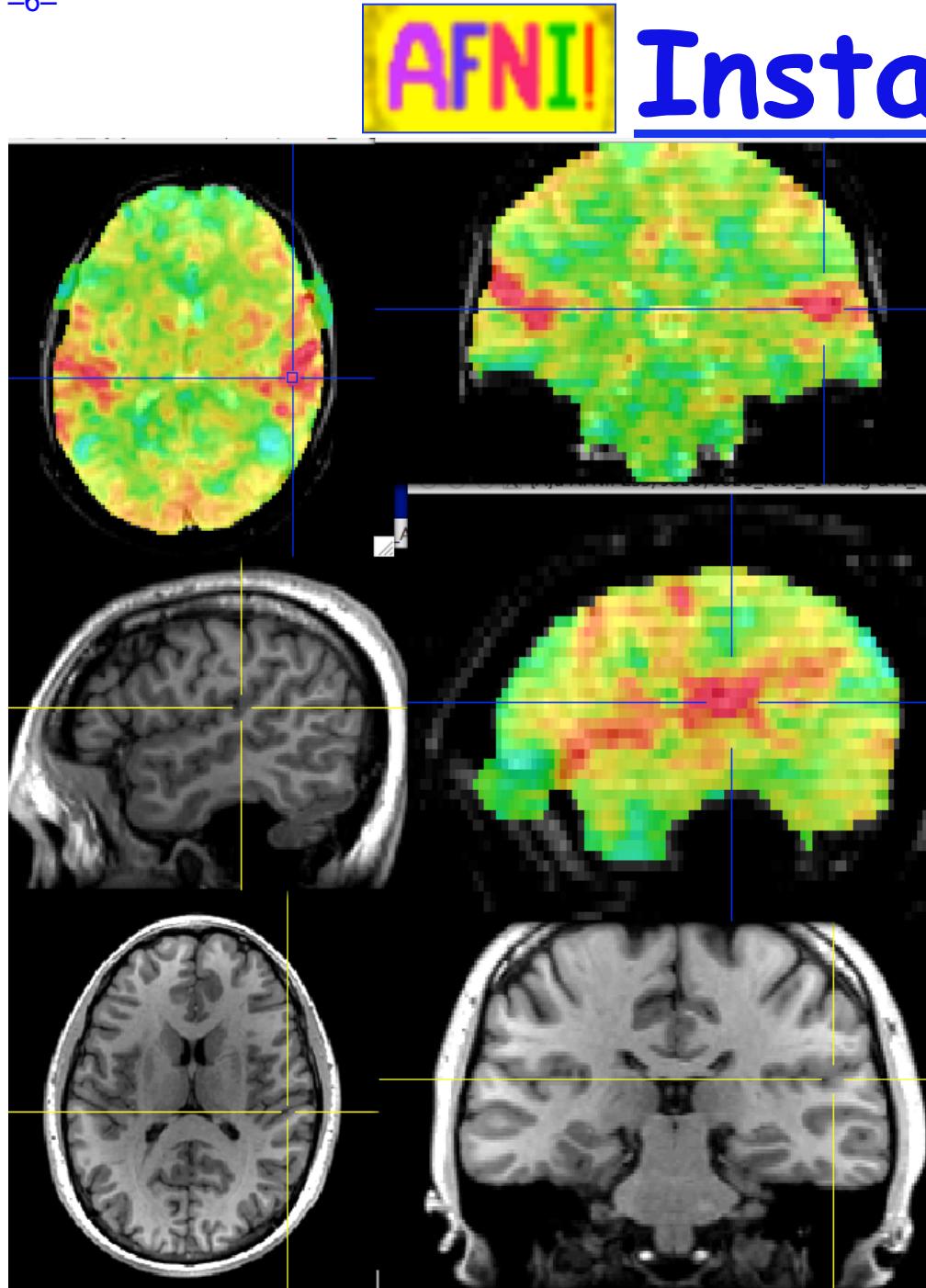


Cluster report window



With clustering

**Jump:** crosshairs move  
**Flash:** colors on & off



## AFNI! InstaCorr

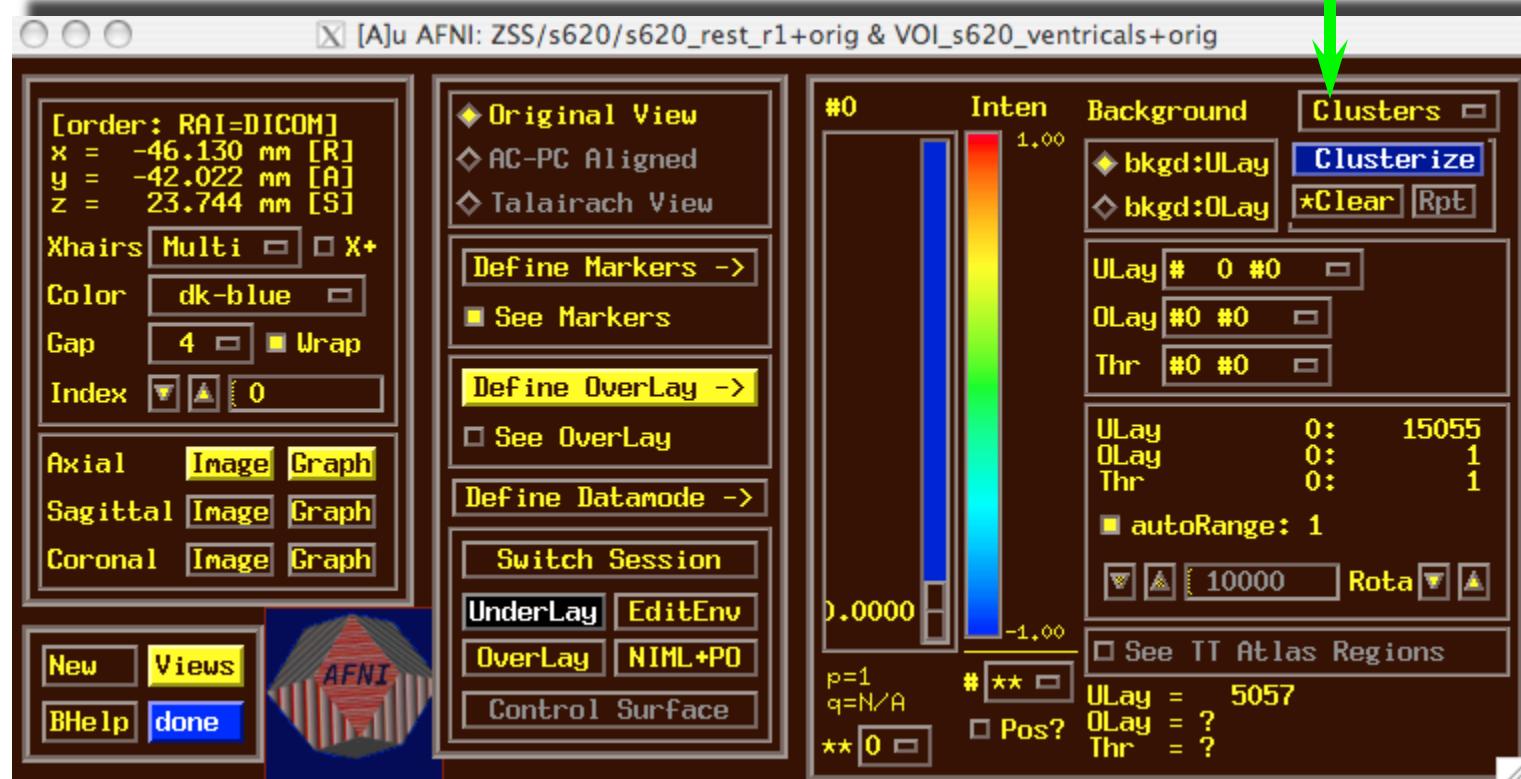
- On-the-fly instantaneous correlation map of resting state data with interactively selected seed voxel
- Setup phase: prepares data for correlations (several-to-10+ seconds)
- Correlation phase: you select seed voxel, correlation map appears by *magic*

# InstaCorr: Outline of 2 Phases

- **Setup phase:**
  - Masking: user-selected *or* Automask
  - Bandpass and other filtering of voxel time series
  - Blurring inside mask = the slowest part
- **Correlation phase:**
  - Correlate selected seed voxel time series with all other prepared voxel time series
  - Make new dataset, if needed, to store results
  - Save seed time series for graphing
  - Redisplay color overlay
  - Optional: compute FDR curve for correlations
    - Calculation is slow, so FDR is not turned on by default

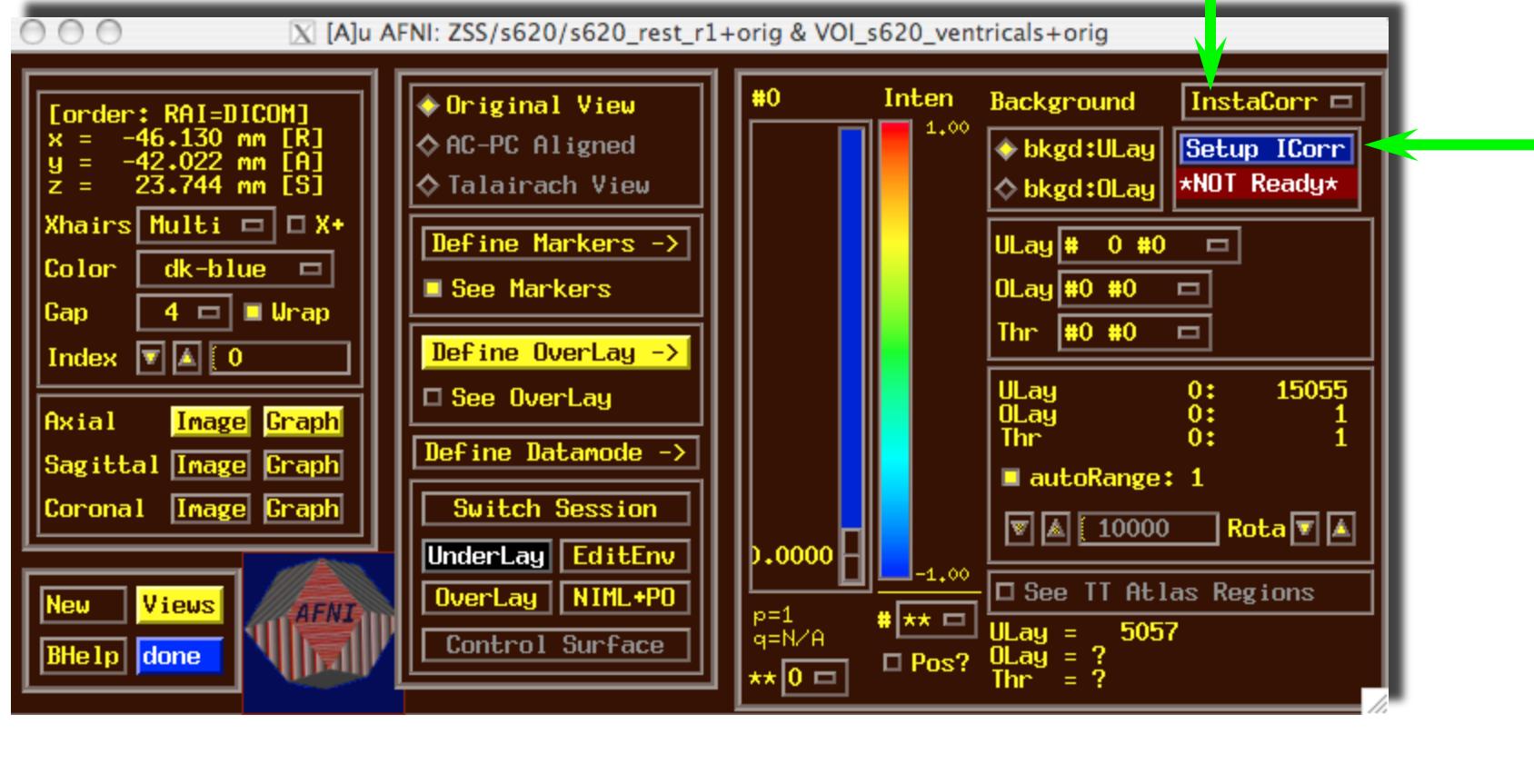
# InstaCorr: Setup

- Open **Define Overlay**, choose **InstaCorr** from menu in top right corner



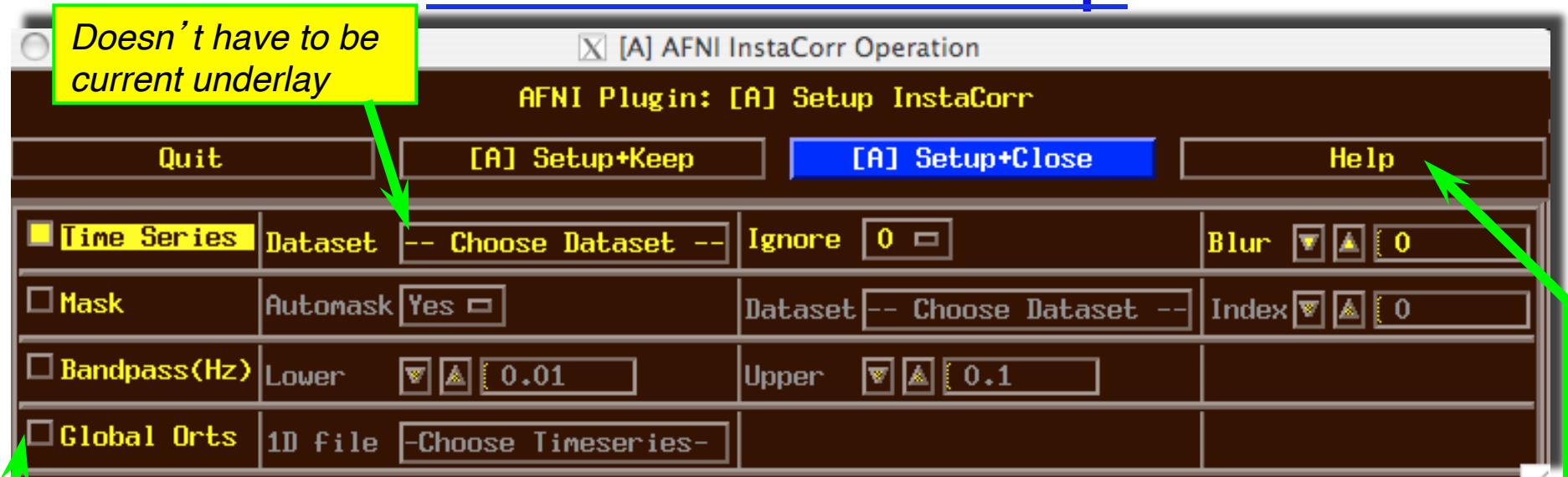
# InstaCorr: Setup

- Open **Define Overlay**, choose **InstaCorr** from menu in top right corner



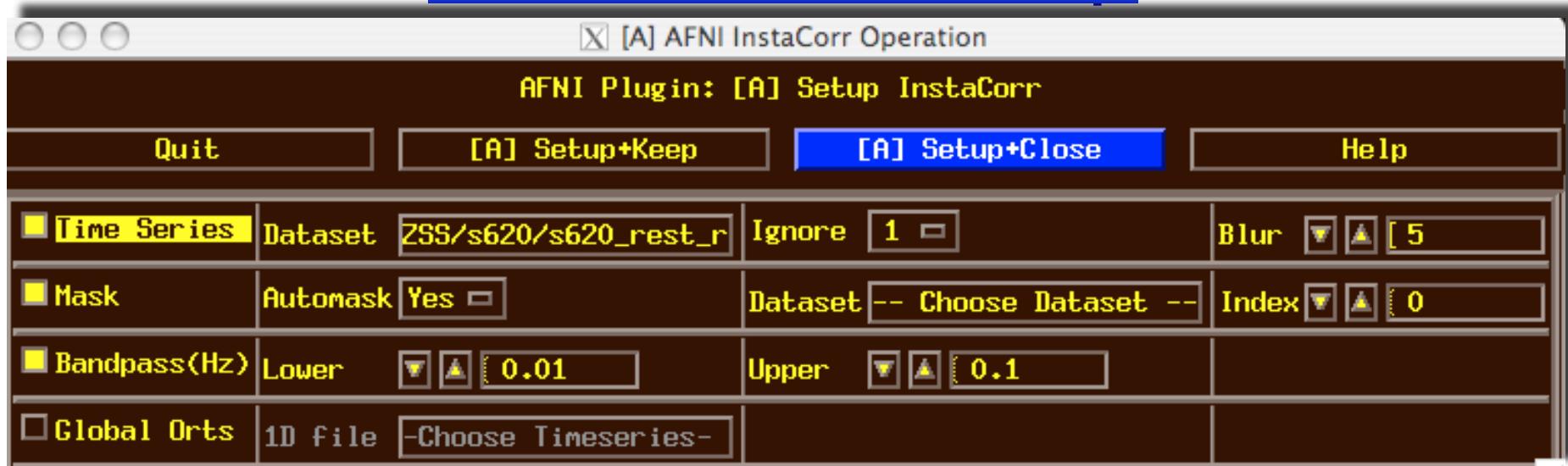
- Then press **Setup ICORR** button to get control panel

# InstaCorr: Setup



- Mostly self-explanatory (I hope) – cf. **Help**
- **Global Orts** = extra time series to be projected out of dataset before correlation
  - All columns in selected 1D file
  - e.g., movement parameters
  - The first **Ignore** rows (time points) will be skipped
- When ready, press one of the **Setup** buttons

# InstaCorr: Setup



- Text output to shell window details the setup procedures:

- ++ InstaCorr preparations:**

- + Automask from '/Users/rwcox/data/Resting/zss/s620/  
s620\_rest\_r1+orig.BRIK' has 197234 voxels

Dataset being analyzed

- + Extracting dataset time series
  - + Filtering 197234 dataset time series
  - + bandpass: ntime=139 nFFT=160 dt=3.5 dFreq=0.00178571  
Nyquist=0.142857 passband indexes=6..56
  - + Spatially blurring 139 dataset volumes
  - + Normalizing dataset time series

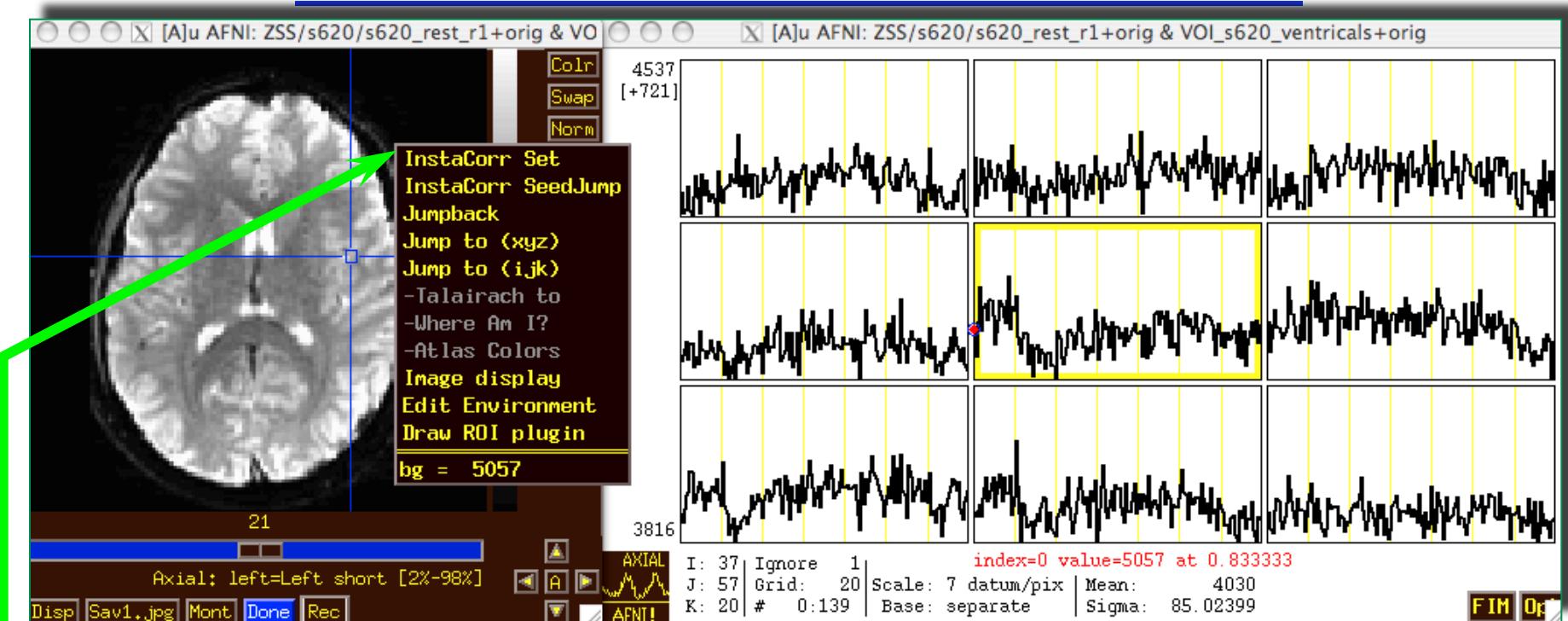
Most of the CPU time:  
Uses BlurInMask

- ++ InstaCorr setup: 197234 voxels ready for work: 15.43 sec**

## Preprocess via afni\_proc.py

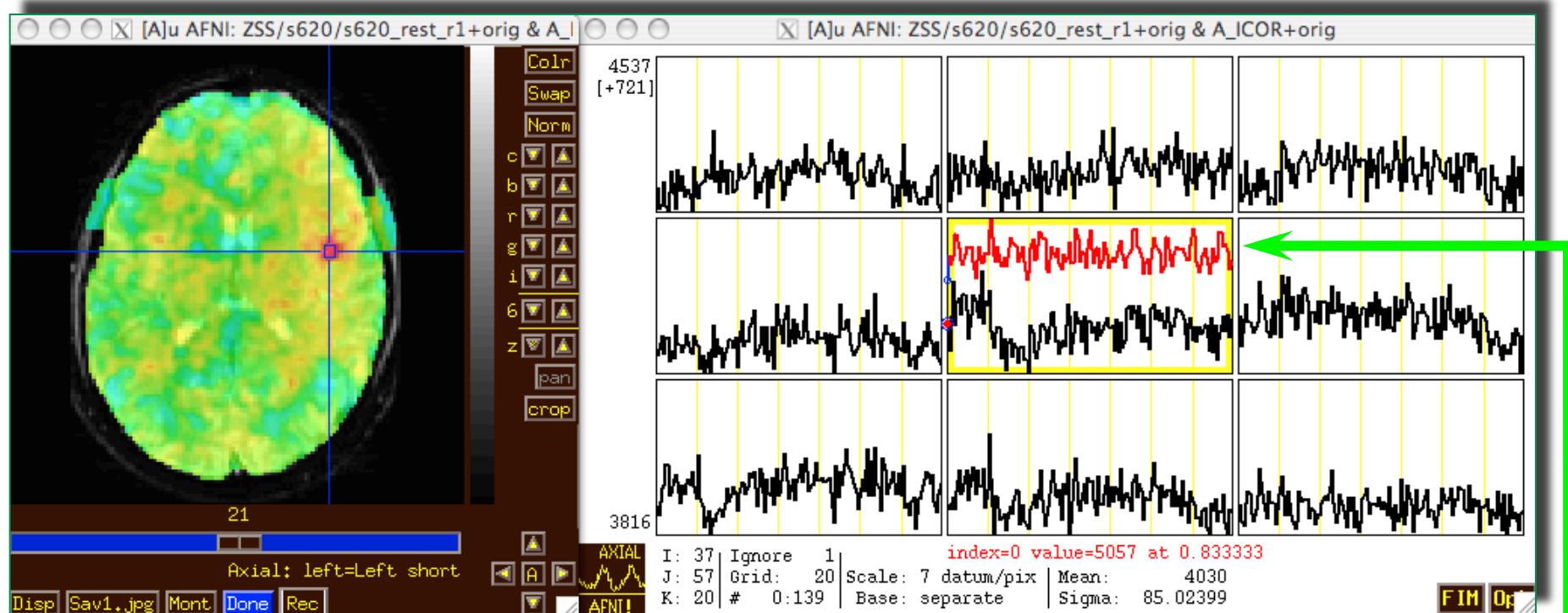
```
## Adapted from Example 9b in afni_proc.py -help
## Eliminated tlrc block; add blur_size of 5mm
afni_proc.py -subj_id s620 \
-dsets s620_rest_r1+orig.HEAD \
-copy_anat s620_t1_al2epi+orig.HEAD \
-blocks despike tshift align volreg blur mask regress \
-tcat_remove_first_trs 2 \
-volreg_align_e2a \
-blur_size 5 \
-regress_anaticor_fast \
-regress_censor_motion 0.2 \
-regress_censor_outliers 0.1 \
-regress_bandpass 0.01 0.2 \
-regress_apply_mot_types demean deriv \
-regress_run_clustsim no -regress_est_blur_errts
```

# InstaCorr: The Fun Part



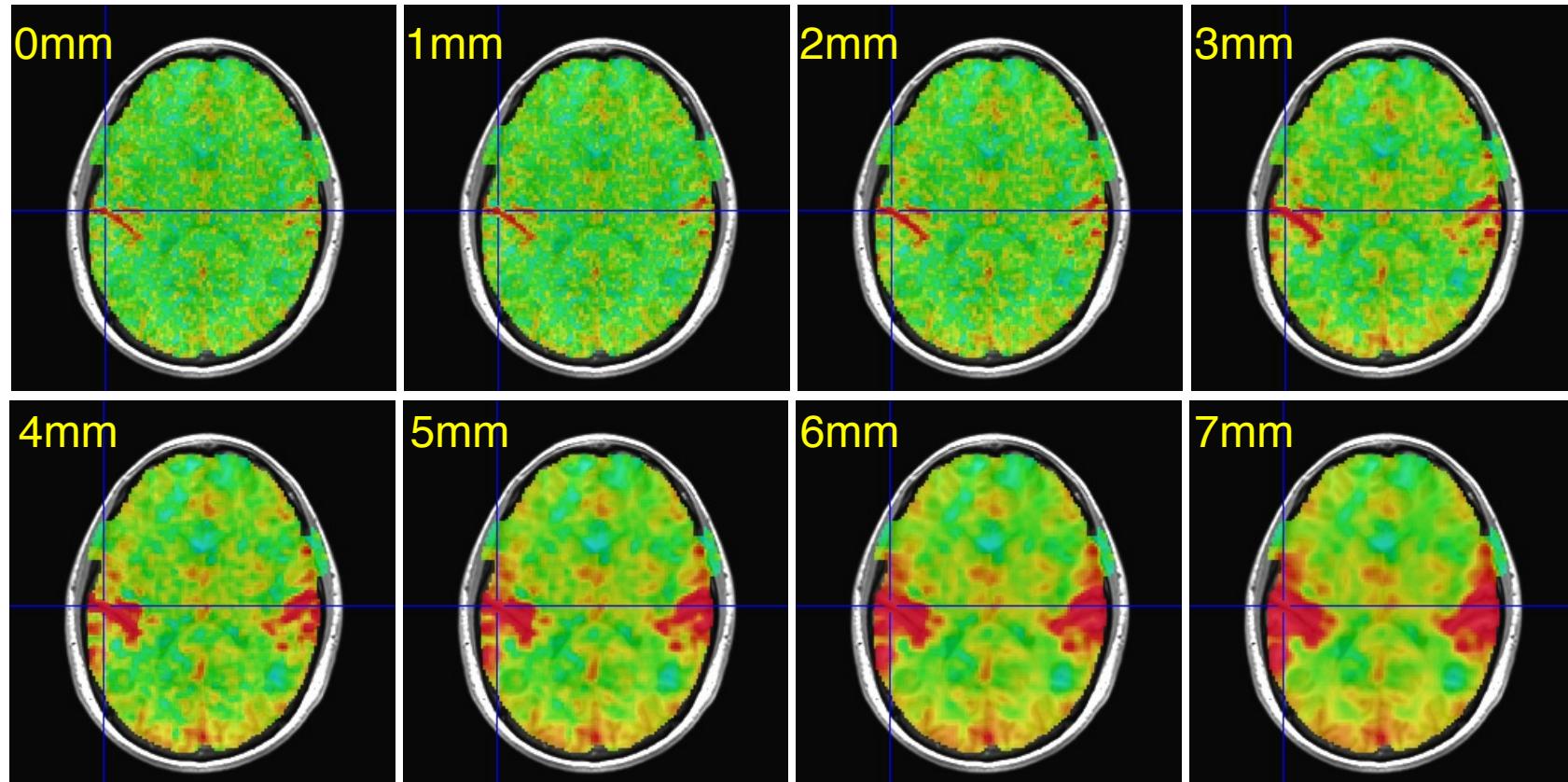
- In image viewer, set crosshairs to desired seed voxel
- **Right-click** popup menu **InstaCorr Set**
  - Creates new dataset **A\_ICOR** for Overlay
  - **Shortcut:** **Shift+Ctrl+Left-click** sets new crosshair location, then does **InstaCorr Set**
    - Can also hold down **Shift+Ctrl+Left-click** and drag seed around
- **InstaCorr SeedJump** jumps focus to current seed

# InstaCorr: The Fun Part



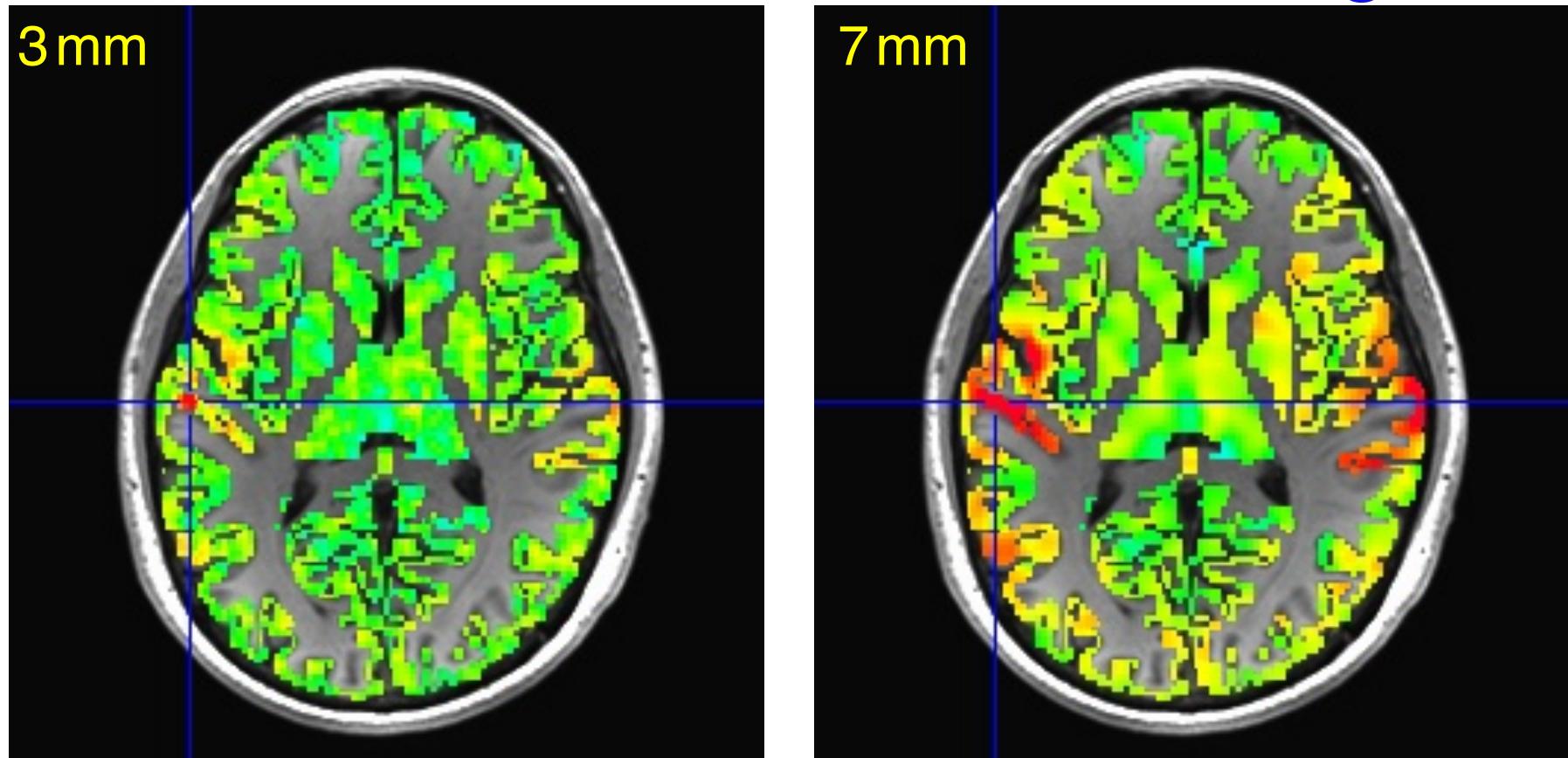
- In graph window:
  - Set Ignore with **FIM[X] Ignore** menu (or **I** key)
  - Set seed overlay with **FIM[X] Pick Ideal** menu
- When you change seed voxel, saved overlay time series will change (but you have to refresh graph to see it)

# InstaCorr: Effects of Blurring



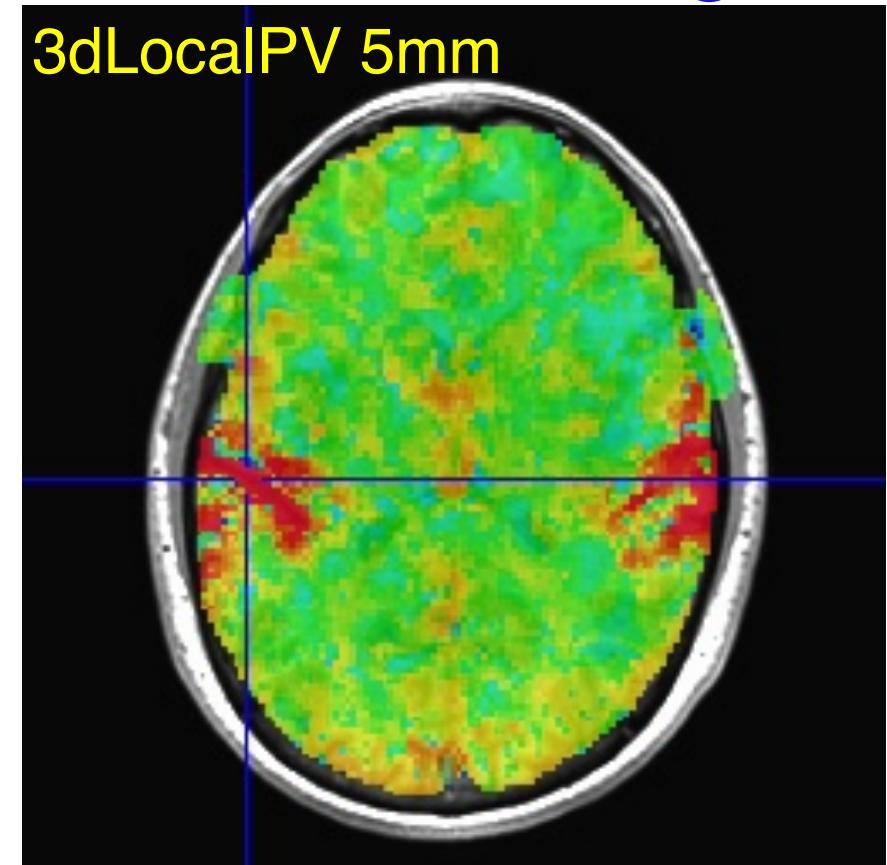
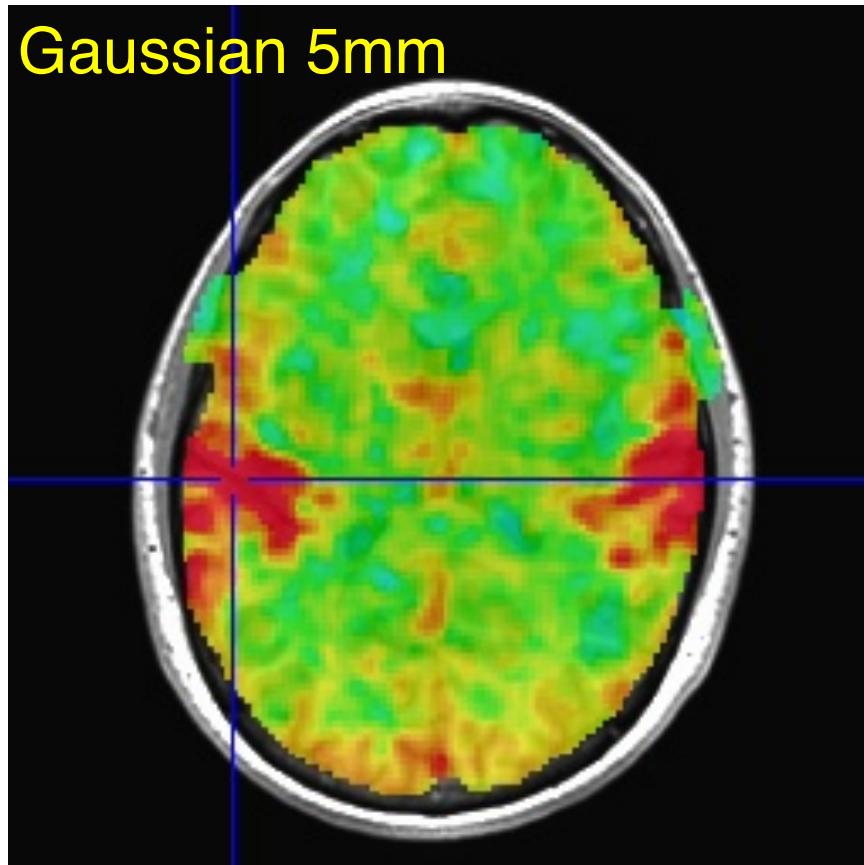
- Is this a pure vascular/cardiac effect being progressively smeared? Or real neural correlations seen via BOLD? Or some of both? *Venograms?*
  - Dataset was RETROICOR-ized; mask is whole brain

## InstaCorr: Effects of Blurring



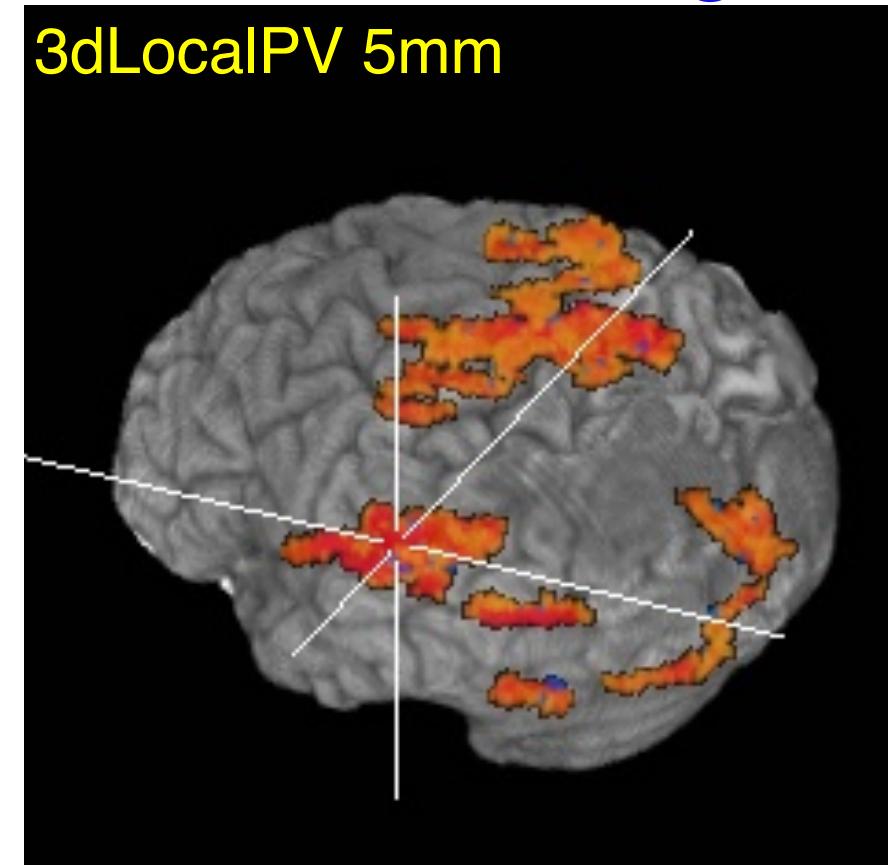
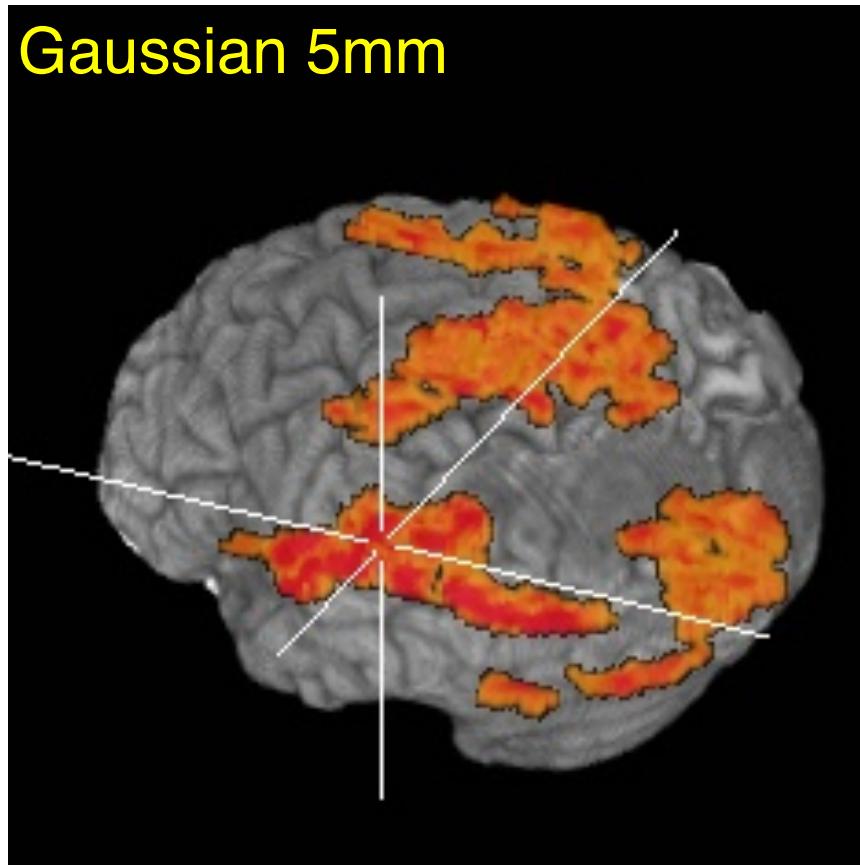
- Similar calculations, but with FreeSurfer-generated gray matter mask instead of Automask from EPI data
  - Blurring is done only inside the mask (**3dBlurInMask**)
    - Using a discrete PDE-based iterative approach

## InstaCorr: SVD-based “Blurring”



- Similar calculations, with Automask from EPI data, using **3dLocalPV** over 5 mm radius sphere (67 voxels)
  - Project each vector onto 2-dim principal subspace
  - Far too slow to calculate interactively (at this time)

## InstaCorr: SVD-based “Blurring”



- Volume rendering of InstaCorr maps (threshold at  $r=0.5$ )
  - Renderer updates automatically if **DynaDraw** is on
- SVD smoothing has cleaner spatial structure?
  - Or has it lost some information? *I don't know.*

## InstaCorr: Options and Plans

- Underlay doesn't have to be EPI data; could be anat
  - Can use InstaCorr in multiple AFNI controllers
- FDR: **setenv AFNI\_INSTACORR\_FDR YES**
  - Will slow things down by a significant factor
- Saving **A\_ICOR** dataset: overwrites previous copies
- Future Possibilities:
  - Select ROI-based Orts to be detrended?
    - Based on ROIs from FreeSurfer or atlases?
  - Or multiple seeds (partial + multiple correlations)?
  - Interactive local SVD “smoothing”? (needs speedup)
- ▶ Group analysis InstaCorr (in standardized space)
  - Not quite “**Insta**” any more;  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{N}} \# \text{Subjects sec per seed}$
  - External script to do subject setups
- Use time series subsets? (e.g., for block design data)

## Group InstaCorr

- If you have a robust enough system (multiple CPUs, several gigabytes of RAM), you can explore the *group* analysis of resting state seed-based correlations
- **Setup Phase:**
  - Unlike individual InstaCorr, the setup is done outside the AFNI GUI with command line programs
  - Step 1: pre-process all datasets (including into template space) by using **`afni_proc.py`**
    - We recommend something like Example 9b in the **`afni_proc.py`** help output
  - Step 2: collect groups of time series datasets into one big file = **`3dSetupGroupInCorr`**
- **Interactive Phase:** point-and-click to set seed voxel

## 3dGroupInCorr: Setup #2

- **3dSetupGroupInCorr** reads all filtered & blurred resting state EPI datasets, masks & normalizes them, and writes them to one *big* file for **3dGroupInCorr**
  - Sample tcsh script fragment below: 2 groups of subjects

```
set AAA = ( s601 s604 ... s644 s646 )
set BBB = ( s611 s612 ... s652 s654 )
set ggg = ( )
foreach fred ( $AAA )
    set ggg = ( $ggg errts.${fred}.fanaticor+tlrc.HEAD )
end
3dSetupGroupInCorr -mask ALL_am50+tlrc -prefix AAA $ggg
set ggg = ( )
foreach fred ( $BBB )
    set ggg = ( $ggg errts.${fred}.fanaticor+tlrc.HEAD )
end
3dSetupGroupInCorr -mask ALL_am50+tlrc -prefix BBB $ggg
```

## 3dGroupInCorr: Interactive Phase

- Start server program (2-sample *t*-test here):

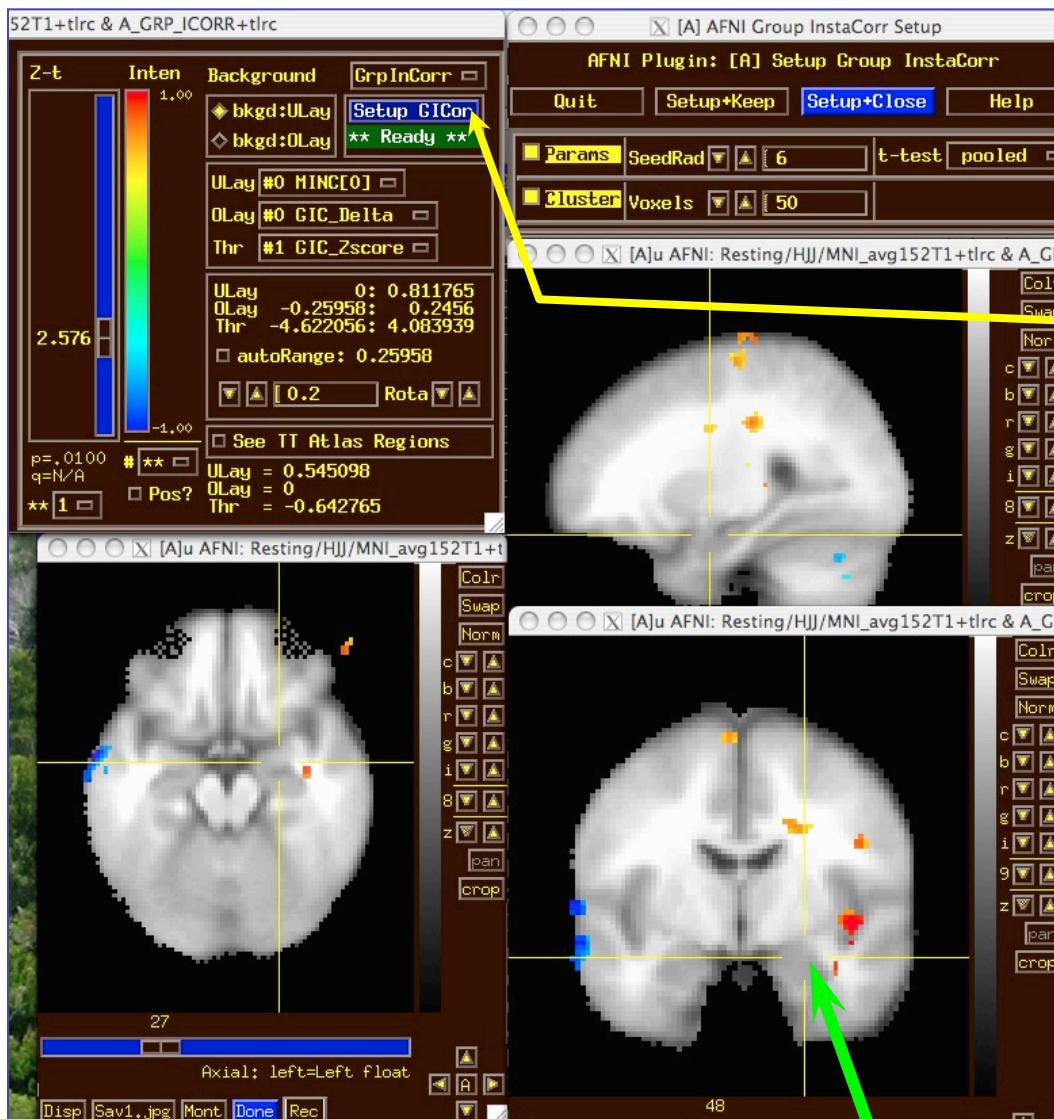
```
3dGroupInCorr -setA AAA.grpincorr.niml \
-setB BBB.grpincorr.niml
```

- Startup takes a little while, as all data must be read into RAM (in this example, 3.2 Gbytes)
  - After data is read, connects to AFNI using a NIML socket
  - Server will use multiple CPUs if compiled with OpenMP (currently on Mac OS X 10.5 and 10.6)
- In a separate terminal window, start AFNI:

```
afni -niml ~/abin/MNI_avg152T1+tlrc.HEAD
```

- Then open the **Define Overlay** control panel
- Select **GrpInCorr** from the **Clusters** menu

# 3dGrpInCorr: Interactive Results



- Use same buttons as individual subject InstaCorr to set seed
- Use **Setup GICor** panel to set the few options available interactively
  - **SeedRad** = extra smoothing radius for seed voxel time series (flat average)
  - **Cluster** = min number of voxels to keep above thresh

## 3dGrplnCorr: What It Computes

- Step 1: Extract seed time series from each dataset; correlate with all voxel time series in that dataset
- Step 2: Group analysis: *t*-test among correlation bricks
- 1-sample *t*-test (**-setA** only) gives 2 sub-bricks:
  - mean of  $\tanh^{-1}$ (correlation with seed)
  - Z-score of *t*-statistic of this mean
- 2-sample test (**-setA** and **-setB**) gives 6 sub-bricks:
  - difference of means ( $A \setminus B$ ) of  $\tanh^{-1}$ (correlation)
  - Z-score of *t*-statistic of this difference
    - Pooled or unpooled variance, or paired *t*-test (your option)
  - Plus 1-sample results for **-setA** and **-setB** separately
    - View these in AFNI **[B]** and **[C]** controllers, to see it all!

## 3dGrplnCorr: To Do It By Hand?

- After preprocessing all datasets, you would have to do the following steps on each resting state dataset:
  - Extract seed time series from each dataset  
**[3dmaskave]**
  - Correlate seed time series with all voxels from its dataset **[3dDeconvolve or 3dfim]**
  - Convert to  $\tanh^{-1}$ (correlation) **[3dcalc]**
- Then do the following on the results from the above
  - Compute the *t*-test **[3dttest]**
  - Convert to Z-score **[3dcalc]**
  - Read into AFNI for display
- Even with a script, this would be annoying to do a lot
  - Just ask Daniel Handwerker!

## Group InstaCorr: Final Notes

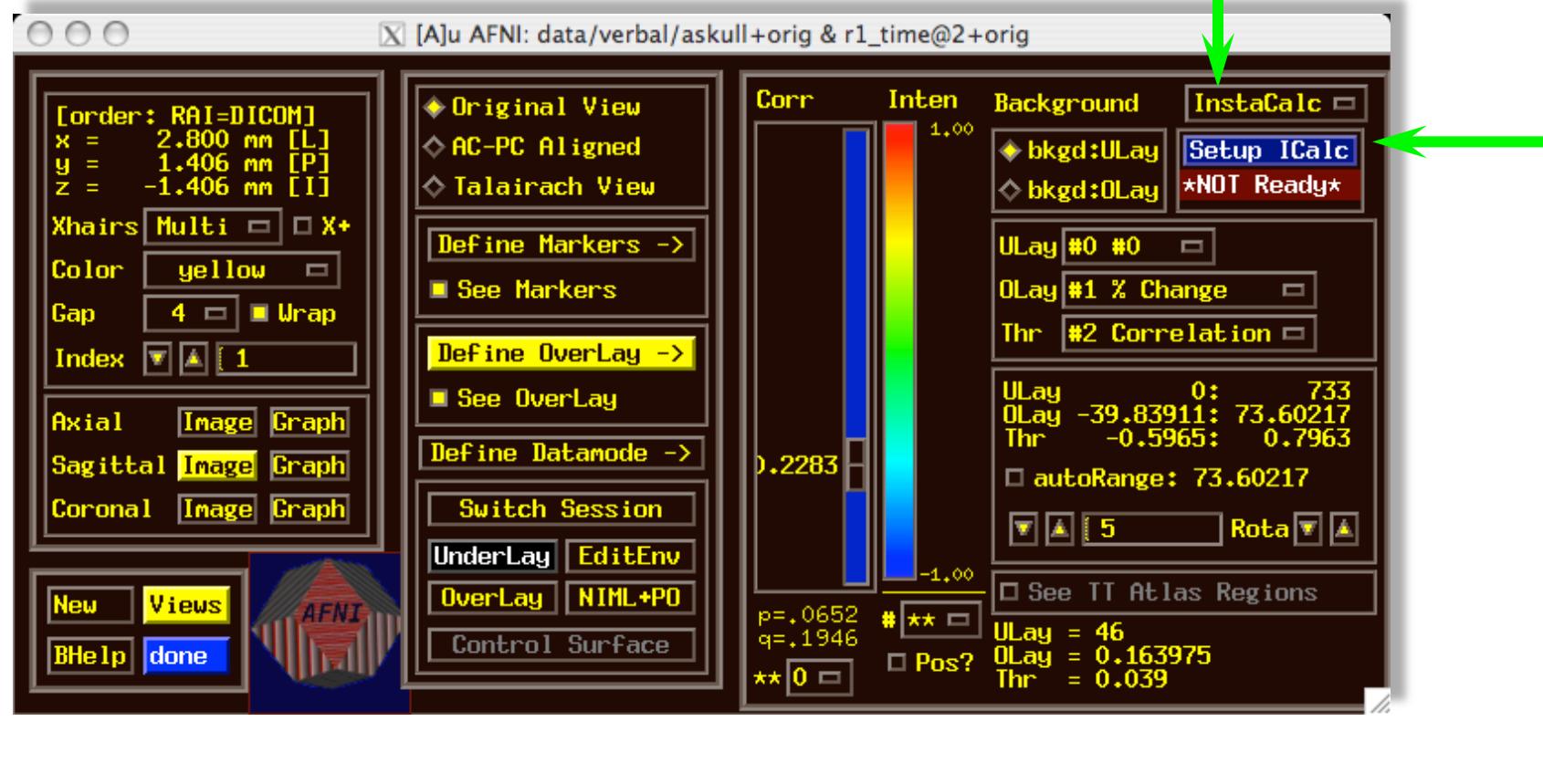
- Time series datasets can have different lengths
  - But all must have the same spatial grid and use the same mask!
- **Fun Stuff:** volume render results with **DynaDraw**
- Sometimes AFNI drops the shared memory connection to **3dGroupInCorr**
  - Due to unknown bugs somewhere in AFNI
  - Program tries to reconnect when this happens
  - If this gets bad, use the **-NOshm** option to **3dGroupInCorr** to force it to use TCP/IP only
    - Slower data transfer, but more reliable

## Group InstaCorr: Finalest Notes

- Shift+Ctrl+Click+Drag method for dynamically setting the seed voxel also works with *Group InstaCorr*
  - But speed of interaction can be **slow**
- Can also include subject-level covariates (e.g., IQ, age) in the analysis *at the group step*
  - To regress them out (nuisance variables), and/or to test the slope of  $\tanh^{\mathbb{W}^1}$ (correlation) vs. covariate
- Can also run in batch mode (no talking to AFNI)
- Further ideas (i.e., to dream the impossible dream):
  - Granger-ize: correlate with lag-0 **and** lag-1 of seed and test Granger causality
  - Allow user to set other seeds to be "partialed out" of the analysis

# InstaCalc: Dataset Calculator

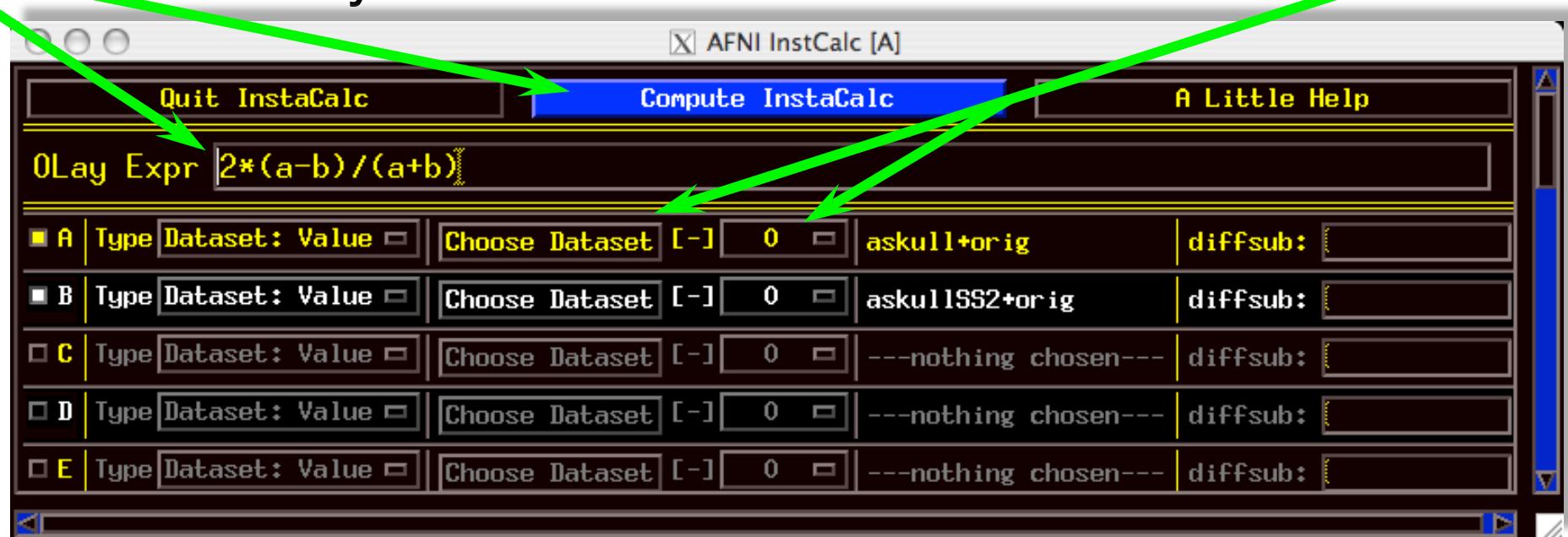
- Open **Define Overlay**, choose **InstaCalc** from menu in top right corner



- Then press **Setup ICalc** button to get control panel

# InstaCalc: Setup

- Select datasets with **Choose Dataset** buttons
  - and sub-bricks with the [-] controls
- Enter symbolic expression
- Press **Compute InstaCalc**
- Creates new 1-brick dataset **A\_ICALC** for Overlay
  - voxel-by-voxel calculations



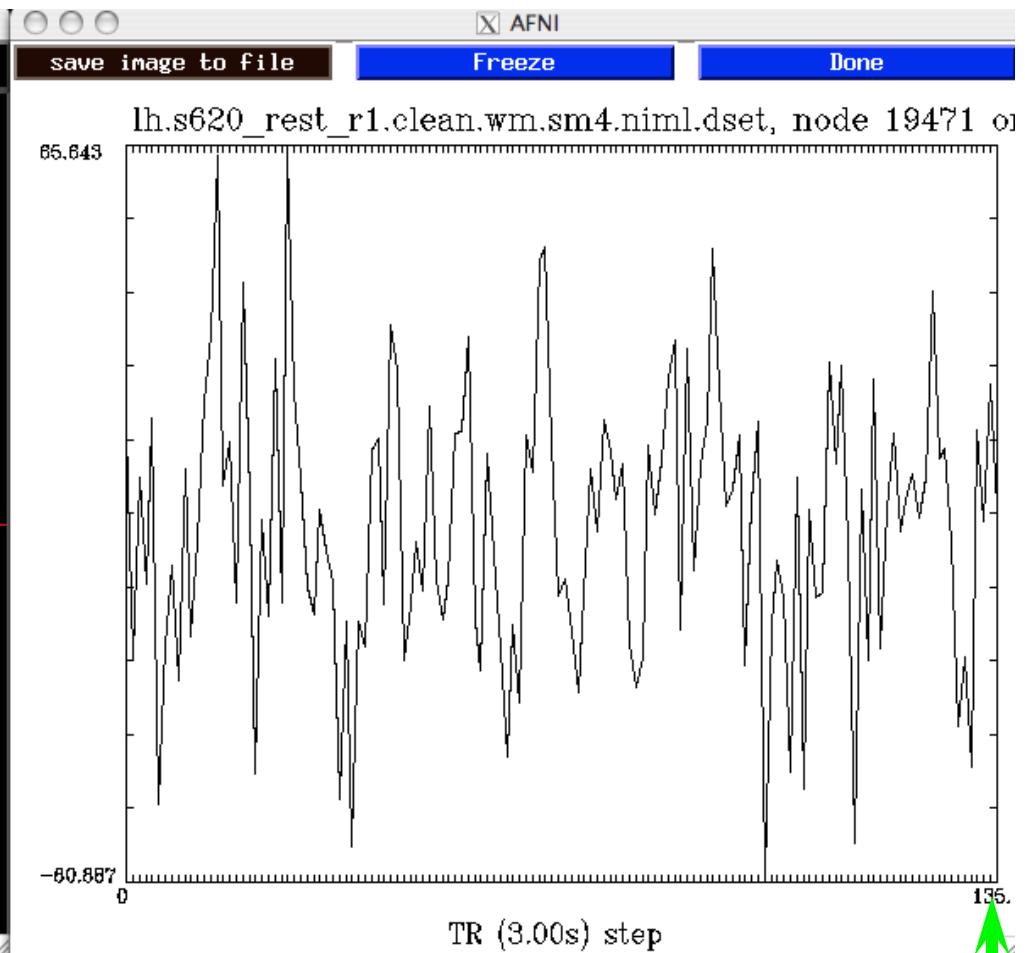
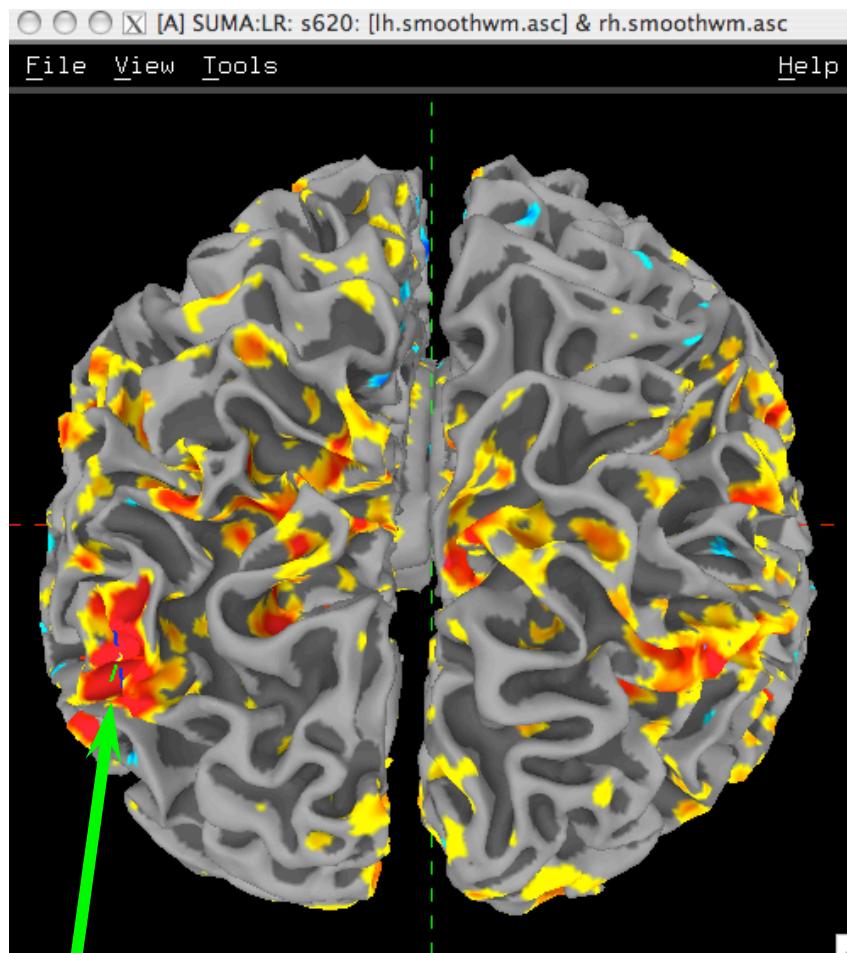


# SUMA! InstaCorr

- Similar in concept to AFNI **InstaCorr** but requires external pre-processing of time series datasets
  - Removal of baseline, projection to surface, blurring
- In the **AFNI\_data5/** directory, run the script  
***tcsh ./@run\_REST\_demo***
  - starts SUMA with 2 hemispheres
  - loads pre-processed datasets into SUMA
  - sets up SUMA's **InstaCorr**
- After all the setup is ready, right-clicking on the surface will do the **InstaCorr** calculations
- **3dGroupInCorr** also works with SUMA



# InstaCorr: Sample



- Seed voxel and Seed voxel time series graph